

## BUSINESS

9609/11 October/November 2017

Paper 1 Short Answer/Essay MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 40

Published

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Question	Answer	Marks
1(a)	Define the term 'channel of distribution'.	2
	It is the chain of intermediaries a product passes through (1) from producer to consumer. (1)	
	A definition such as this merits <b>2</b> marks.	
	A partial definition such as 'the way a business distributes its products' or 'method used by a business to get products to customers' merits <b>1</b> mark.	
	Sound definition(2 marks)Partial definition – limited understanding(1 mark)No creditable content(0 marks)	
1(b)	Briefly explain <u>two</u> factors a manufacturing business might consider in deciding on an appropriate channel of distribution.	3
	Answers may include:	
	<ul> <li>cost of different distribution channels e.g. direct selling involves shipping costs and requires the manufacturer to hold inventory. using intermediaries means reduced profits for the manufacturer. efficiency of distribution channel; which will reach the customer the quickest and at the lowest cost to the manufacturer. which channel gives the manufacturer the control they require over how the product is presented to the customer.</li> <li>type of product – industrial products tend to be sold more directly than consumer goods, perishable direct to retailers.</li> <li>the nature of the chosen market – if it is large and dispersed, intermediaries may well be needed.</li> <li>level of service required or demanded by customers – so some products will not be sold via internet (e.g. bespoke products).</li> <li>technical complexity of the product – may be direct selling, e.g. computers.</li> <li>number of customers – if high value product and few customers, direct selling might be used (luxury yacht).</li> </ul>	
	NOTE: Some answers refer to methods of transportation but not specific intermediaries. The question is 'channel of distribution' so methods of transportation only cannot gain marks.	
	Sound explanation of <b>two</b> factors (3 marks) Sound explanation of <b>one</b> factor or partial explanation of <b>two</b> factors (2 marks)	
	Partial example of one factor or a list of two factors(1 mark)No creditable content(0 marks)	

Question	Answer	Marks		
2(a)	Define the term' job re-design'.	2		
	The re-structuring / altering / changing of a job (1), usually with employee involvement and agreement, (1) to make the work / job more interesting / satisfying / challenging. (1)			
	A definition that merits <b>2</b> marks will contain 2 of the 3 points listed above.			
	A partial definition that merits <b>1</b> mark will contain 1 of the 3 points above.			
	NOTE: Some answers refer to the role of an employee changing but d not refer to a 'job' The question is 'job re-design' so explicit reference to a 'job/tasks' must be made for marks to be awarded.			
	Sound definition given (2 marks			
	Partial definition given(1 markNo creditable content(0 marks)	,		
2(b)	Briefly explain the benefits to a business of job re-design.	3		
	Answers could include:			
	Job re-design is designed to: make the job holder feel more valued by increasing their role. This leads to maximum output from satisfied workers. increase motivation of workers and hence help to retain them so reducing costs of recruitment. create a right person – right job fit leading to efficient and effective workforce so increasing productivity. adapt the business / job roles to suit changing economic conditions, therefore having the right staff and skills to deal with change so the business can survive/grow.			
	NOTE: Candidates that do not refer to a 'job' in question 2(a) may nevertheless give acceptable answers in question 2(b) by referring to the impact of job re-design on employees such as new skills and motivation, leading to increased productivity and should be rewarded accordingly.			
	Sound explanation of the benefits of job re-design to a business			
	Limited explanation of the benefits of job re-design(3 marksSome general comment on job re-design(1 marksNo creditable content(0 marks	s) ()		

Question	Answer	Marks
3	Explain how a business might benefit from acting ethically.	5
	Answers may include:	
	Acting ethically is regarded as doing the 'right thing' – taking business decisions against a background of certain moral principles – morally correct behaviour.	
	In the <b>short-term</b> there may be a 'cost' involved in acting ethically – only doing things in a certain way or <b>not</b> doing certain things.	
	In the long-term there could be substantial benefits:	
	avoid negative publicity. retain customer loyalty – retain/gain sales through high reputational perception. attract ethical customers/investors. attract staff/retain staff. gives a competitive advantage. improved brand and business awareness.	
	Effective explanation of possible benefits to a business of ethical business activities (4–5 marks) Limited explanation of possible benefits of ethical business activities (2–3 marks) Understanding of ethical business activity (1 mark)	
4(0)	No creditable content (0 marks)	
4(a)	<ul> <li>Define the term 'micro-finance'.</li> <li>The provision of financial services for poor and low-income customers (1) who do not have access to banking services such as loans and overdrafts offered by traditional commercial banks. (1)</li> <li>Such a definition should be awarded 2 marks.</li> <li>A partial definition such as 'the provision of financial services to poor customers' should be awarded 1 mark.</li> </ul>	2
	NOTE: Reference to 'poor' or 'low-income' must be made for 2 marks to be awarded.	
	Sound definition(2 marks)Partial definition(1 mark)No creditable content(0 marks)	

Question	Answer	Marks
4(b)	Briefly explain <u>two</u> advantages of micro-finance for entrepreneurs.	3
	entrepreneurs use micro-finance to start businesses. entrepreneurs use micro-finance to operate and grow businesses. this provides an income and average incomes increase. provide finance which otherwise would not be available to high risk entrepreneurs with no credit score. such finance is likely to be at lower interest rates than traditional banks making it easier to pay back. small capital sums in the form of loans to poor aspiring entrepreneurs (especially in rural areas) have encouraged small businesses to be set up where previously there was no access to such funds. evidence that women, who traditionally have been denied financial services, have benefitted from micro-finance opportunities. growth of local economies; incomes rise and families are able to give education to their families. micro-finance institutions stimulate economic activity and development particularly through entrepreneurial activity – the multiplier effect. Sound explanation of <b>two</b> advantages of micro-finance for entrepreneurs (3 marks) Sound explanation of <b>one</b> advantage or partial explanation of <b>two</b> advantages (2 marks) No creditable content (0 marks)	

Question		Answer		Marks		
5(a)	Analyse	the role of marketing in adding value to a product		8		
	Level	Description	Marks			
	4	Good analysis of how marketing can add value to a product.	7–8			
	3	Some analysis of how marketing can add value to a product.	5–6			
	2	Some application of how marketing can add value to a product or convince customers that a product is more desirable.	3–4			
	1	Understanding of value added and/or marketing.	1–2			
	0	No creditable content.	0			
	Answers	may include:				
		tes may well use the 4Ps framework to answer this questic <b>k to adding value</b> to gain Level 2.	on, but			
	Marketing is linking the production of goods and services to the consumer profitably and satisfying business and consumer objectives.					
	materials	alue is the difference between the cost of purchasing boug and the price finished goods/services are sold for – the g e the greater the potential for more profit.				
	iden effec dete the c crea cons incre custe posit the c high crea custe luxui using luxui prom emo	<b>ng / market research / market intelligence can add value</b> tifying how to get a product to the right customers more ctively/cheaply so reducing cost and adding value. rmining the right offer price to set for the target market so optimal amount of added value for that target market. ting a distinctive brand that becomes a 'must have' name for sumers will pay a premium price for. ease the perception of this product being more valuable so omers are willing to pay more for it. tioning a business/product/creating a USP so that it stands competition; customers likely to buy the product even if the er than rivals. ting an exclusive and luxurious retail environment to convi- omers to pay more for a 'luxurious' product – cosmetic retary cars. g high quality packaging to differentiate a product – perfun- ry chocolates and make it appear worth the higher price. noting the benefits of a product to achieve a result / outcor tion – not just a commodity so higher price is justified. ding testimonials in advertising to suggest social proof tha uct should be bought at the higher price.	creating that s out from price is ince ailers, ne – ne /			

Question		Answer		Marks
5(b)		how market segmentation could be used to improve ility of a hotel.	the	12
	Level	Description	Marks	
	4	Effective evaluation of how market segmentation could be used to improve the profitability of a hotel.	9–12	
	3	Limited evaluation of how market segmentation could be used to improve the profitability of a hotel.	7–8	
	2	Analysis and some application of how market segmentation could be used to improve the profitability of a hotel.	3–6	
	1	Understanding of market segmentation and/or profitability.	1–2	
	0	No creditable content.	0	
	it mi price profi reve NOTE. S the hote acceptal	s and profitability. ght lead to gaps in the market being identified and exploit e discrimination can be used to increase revenue and profit tability – the ability of a business to earn a profit by increa- nues and decreasing costs. Some may adopt a 'macro approach' and focus on the I being segmented such as becoming a luxury hotel. ble if appropriately discussed.	fits. Ising whole of This is	
	Hotel objectives might include – growth, profitability, full occupancy. Specific hotel market segments i.e. business traffic during the week, leisure traffic at weekends, special event traffic (celebrations, weddings), conference traffic, all ensuring different revenue streams. Specific provision could include: luxury penthouse rooms for high- income earners, family rooms, budget rooms etc. all potentially generating higher levels of profit.			
	involves potential competit	<b>ve points</b> : increasing hotel facilities to suit different segm costs e.g. refurbishment, staffing, materials. Must be eno revenue to cover this. Depends on existing reputation / lo ion of hotel as to how successful and therefore profitable, egmentation might be. Impact on decisions if say an econ ssion.	ugh ocation / increased	

Question		Answer		Marks
6	'Location is the most important factor determining the success of a large car manufacturing business.' Discuss this statement.			20
	Level	Description	Marks	
	5	Effective evaluation of the statement that location is the most important factor determining the success of a large car manufacturing business.	17–20	
	4	Good analysis and limited evaluation of the statement that location is the most important factor determining the success of a large car manufacturing business.	13–16	
	3	Analysis of the statement that location is the most important factor determining the success of a large car manufacturing business.	11–12	
	2	Limited analysis with application of the importance of business location and business success.	5–10	
	1	Understanding of business location / business success.	1–4	
	0	No creditable content.	0	
	a dis car r trans incer servi an u busir influe a rec facto impo othe i.e.: -	<b>a may include:</b> acussion of the importance of location to any business (inclu- nanufacturing business) – access to skilled labour, raw ma- apport and communication facilities, governmental support / ntives / light regulations, proximity to other businesses and aces, customers. Inderstanding that the particular needs and strategies of spinesses will affect location decisions and considerations and ence the significance of particular location issues and decision to that while location is likely to be a significant succes or it will not be the only important factor or necessarily the re- ortant factor. r critical success factors determining success will be discuss <b>Operational efficiency –</b> including innovative design, lear efficient production processes leading to – <b>Product differentiation –</b> distinctive features, 'bells and we that lead to distinctive brand attributes leading to – <b>Customer satisfaction –</b> supported by effective marketing effective response to the demands of existing and emerging opportunities.	aterials, becific d sions. cess most ssed, n / vhistles' g and an	
	'Location recognise set out a	<b>nswers</b> will fully explain the potential contribution made by ' to success of a car manufacturing business– <b>but</b> will also e that other factors might be equally / more important such bove and not forgetting the quality of leadership and mana siness – location is but one important factor.	as the 3	

Question		Answer		Marks
7(a)	Analyse	how a business might use Mintzberg's roles of manag	ement.	8
	Level	Description	Marks	
	4	Good analysis of how a business might use Mintzberg's roles of management.	7–8	
	3	Some analysis of how a business might use Mintzberg's roles of management.	5–6	
	2	Some explanation of how a business might use Mintzberg's roles of management.	3–4	
	1	Understanding of Mintzberg's roles of management.	1–2	
	0	No creditable content.	0	
	to su gaps acts criter acts prog can l mana allow dema	sonal:Figurehead, Leader and Liaison.sonal:Monitor, Disseminator and Spokesperson.sional:Entrepreneur, Disturbance Handler, Resource Allocator and Negotiator.vs a business / HRM to analyse the roles that need to be proport the effective management of a business and to identicationsas a benchmark for drawing up job specifications / recruit	erformed tify any nent ce of ed and <b>ger uses</b>	

Question		Answer		Marks		
7(b)		nal intelligence is the most important quality of an effe Do you agree with this view? Justify your answer.	ective	12		
	Level	Description	Marks			
	4	Effective evaluation of the statement that emotional intelligence is the most important quality of an effective leader.	9–12			
	3	Limited evaluation of the statement that emotional intelligence is the most important quality of an effective leader.	7–8			
	2	Analysis and some application of the statement that emotional intelligence is the most important quality of an effective leader.	3–6			
	1	Understanding of emotional intelligence and / or qualities of leaders.	1–2			
	0	No creditable content.	0			
	Effective abilit abilit moti dem inspi	could include: <b>e leadership qualities</b> will be identified such as: by to set a clear vision and direction; y to think strategically and see the big picture; vate and carry staff along in successful achievement of go onstrate resilience and risk-taking skills; re followers etc. <b>al intelligence</b> – Some say El is more important than IQ.	als;			
	<ul> <li>ability of leaders to understand their own emotions and those of others to achieve business performance;</li> <li>the ability to understand people and to get staff to respond through respect and understanding;</li> <li>authentic leadership and servant leadership</li> <li>Goleman's EI competencies: self-awareness; self-management; social awareness; social skills.</li> </ul>					
	The relative importance of emotional intelligence – how does EI complement and support other leadership qualities? without EI leaders may not gain the confidence of employees. 'soft is hard' in business leadership but it would be risky not to expect a balance and variety of qualities from an effective business leader.					
	number of within the	<b>ve comment/judgement</b> of the view stated. EI may be on of important qualities required of an effective leader. The b e cluster of qualities may well be critical, as would the spec a business at particular times.	alance			